

AMALTHEA '18

Electronica

Round 1

Time - 45 minutes.

Team Name.....

Member 1:.....

Mobile :.....

Member 2:.....

Mobile :.....

- The star marked questions will be used in case of any tie.
- If a participant solves **all four** of the special questions given at the end of the paper correctly, they will be awarded 5 extra marks.
- Use of communication gadgets like mobile phones is not allowed. If you are found using them, you will be disqualified without warning. You can use scientific calculators if necessary.
- Rough sheets will be provided. No personal notes/ sheets are allowed.
- **We will call the top six teams if they get selected for the second round. Therefore write your name and number properly. Please do not call us to know the result.**
- The multiple choice questions have single correct options.
- Correct answers receive marks written alongside the questions. Wrong answers, multiple cancellations of options, untidy work receive 0 mark. There is no negative marking.
- Corrected papers will not be shown to you.
- The decisions by the organisers are final.

Q1 ..[1]

A signal source has an open-circuit voltage of 10 mV and a short-circuit current of 10 μ A. The source resistance is _____

Q2*

The maximum power efficiency of an AM modulator is ..[1]

- (a) 25%
- (b) 50%
- (c) 33%
- (d) 100%

Q3 [1]

In an instrumentation amplifier, the output voltage is based on the _____ times a scale factor.

- (a) summation of the two inputs
- (b) product of the two inputs
- (c) difference between the two inputs
- (d) None of the above

Q4 [1]

In a millivoltmeter, the diodes and the capacitor are used in _____ parts of the circuit.

- (a) the dc
- (b) the ac
- (c) both the dc and ac
- (d) neither the dc nor ac

Q5 [1]

A low-pass filter _____.

- (a) provides a constant output up to the cutoff frequency
- (b) passes frequencies from zero up to the cutoff frequency
- (c) rejects all frequencies above the cutoff frequency
- (d) All of the above

Q6 [2]
The open-loop DC gain of a unity negative feedback system with closed-loop transfer

Function $S+4S^2+7S+13$ is
(a) 4/13
(b) 4/9
(c) 4
(d) 13

Q7* [1]
In commercial TV transmission in India, picture and speech signals are modulated respectively

(a) VSB and VSB
(b) VSB and SSB
(c) VSB and FM
(d) FM and VSB

Q8 [2]
If the Fourier Transform of a deterministic signal $g(t)$ is $G(f)$, then Match the items in column 1 with appropriate items in column 2.

Column 1

(1) The Fourier Transform of $g(t - 2)$ is
(2) The Fourier Transform of $g(t/2)$ is

Column 2

(A) $G(f)e^{-j(4\pi f)}$
(B) $G(2f)$
(C) $2G(2f)$
(D) $G(f - 2)$

(1) _____
(2) _____

Q9 [1]
If a series circuit contains resistor and capacitor, the expression for quality factor is?

(a) C
(b) ωRC
(c) ωC
(d) $1/\omega RC$

Q10*

[1]

The transfer function of a linear system is the

- (a) ratio of the output, $V_0(t)$ and input $V_i(t)$.
- (b) ratio of the derivatives of the output and the input.
- (c) ratio of the Laplace transform of the output and that of the input with all initial conditions zeros.
- (d) none of these

Q11

[1]

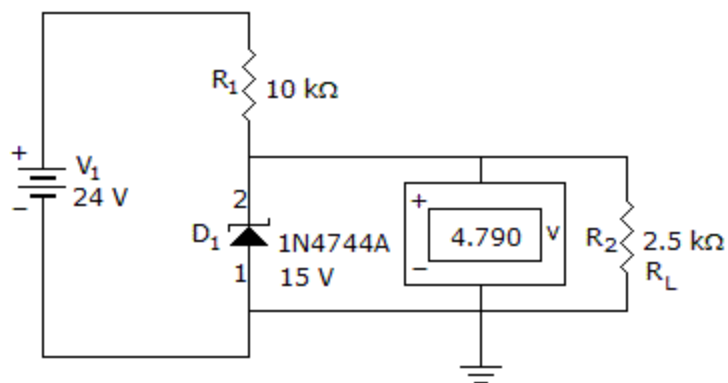
Which type of transformer is required to create a 180-degree input to a rectifier?

- (a) center-tapped secondary
- (b) step-down secondary
- (c) stepped-up secondary
- (d) split winding primary

Q12

What is wrong with this circuit?

[2]



- (a) The zener is open.
- (b) The zener is shorted
- (c) nothing
- (d) not enough data

Q13*

[1]

Which of the following circuits would require the least amount of filtering?

- (a) A half-wave rectifier
- (b) A full-wave rectifier
- (c) A bridge rectifier
- (d) A full-wave rectifier and a bridge rectifier

Q14

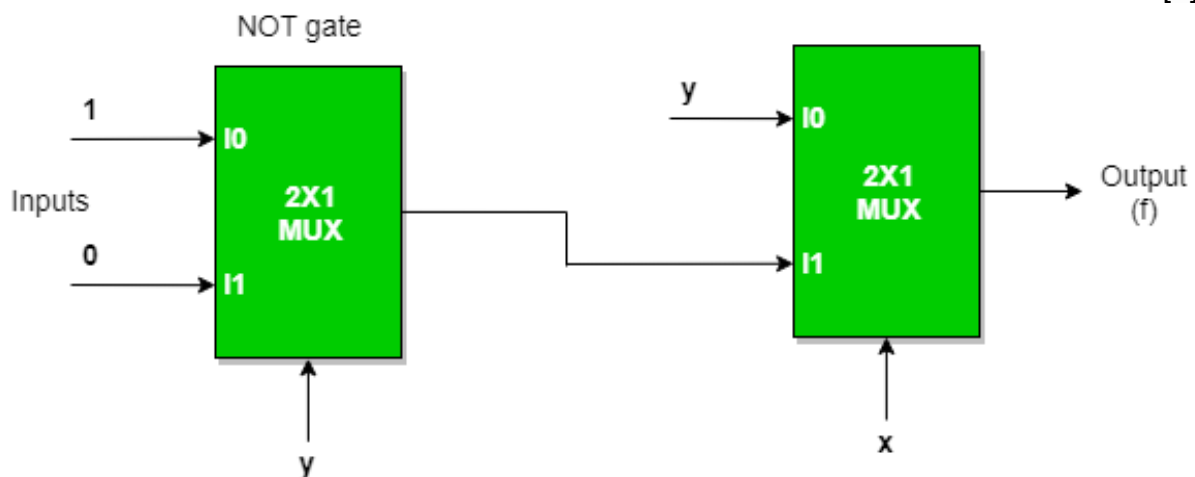
[2]

A single-machine system has $M = 1 \times 10^{-3}$ p.u. is subject to a fault that causes an accelerating power $\Delta P = P_a = 0.8$ p.u. then the rotor acceleration of the machine will be:

- (a) 400 degree/sec² .
- (b) 800 degree/sec² .
- (c) 500 degree/sec² .
- (d) 600 degree/sec²

Q15

[1]



Which of the following gate is implemented in above figure?

Ans _____

Q16

[1]

The leakage current in CE arrangement is that in CB arrangement

- (a) more than
- (b) less than
- (c) the same as
- (d) none of the above

Q17

[1]

The phase difference between the input and output voltages of a transistor connected in common collector arrangement is _____

Q18* [1]

An SCR is made of silicon and not germanium because silicon_____

- (a) Is inexpensive
- (b) Is mechanically strong
- (c) Has small leakage current
- (d) Is tetravalent

Q19 [2]

Determine the Time period of: $x(t)=3 \cos(20t+5)+\sin(8t-3)$.

- a) 1/10 sec
- b) 1/20 sec
- c) 2/5 sec
- d) 2/4 sec

Q20 [1]

When the temperature increases, the intrinsic stand off ratio_____

- a) Increases
- b) decreases
- c) essentially remains the same
- d) None of the above

Q21 [1]

The most popular form of IC package is

- a) DIL
- b) Flatpack
- c) TO-5
- d) None of the above

Q22 [1]

What is the minimum number of terminals required in an IC package containing four operational amplifiers (quad op amps)?

- a) 12
- b) 13
- c) 14
- d) 15

Q23 [3]

For an ideal operational amplifier (except for the fact that it has finite gain) one set of the value for the input voltages (V_2 is the positive terminal V_1 is the negative terminal) and output voltage (V_o) as determined experimentally is $V_1= 2.01V$, $V_2=2.00V$ and $V_o= -0.99V$. Experiment was carried with different values of input and output voltages. Which of the

following is not possible considering experimental error?

- a) $v_1 = 1.99\text{V}$, $v_2 = 2.00\text{V}$, $v_0 = 1.00\text{V}$
- b) $v_1 = 1.00\text{V}$, $v_2 = 1.00\text{V}$, $v_0 = 0\text{V}$
- c) $v_1 = 1.00\text{V}$, $v_2 = 1.10\text{V}$, $v_0 = 10.1\text{V}$
- d) $v_1 = 0.99\text{V}$, $v_2 = 2.00\text{V}$, $v_0 = 1.00\text{V}$

Q24

[1]

In an instrumentation amplifier using transducer bridge, which device measure the change in physical energy

- a) Resistive transducer
- b) Indicating meter
- c) Capacitive transducer
- d) Inductor circuit

Q25

[1]

A ripple counter's speed is limited by the propagation delay of _____

- a) Each flip-flop
- b) All flip-flops and gates
- c) The flip-flops only with gates
- d) Only circuit gates

Q26*

[1]

In an interconnected power system, the frequency of electro-mechanical modes of oscillation lies in the range _____

- (a) 0.5-2.5 Hz
- (b) 1-10 Hz
- (c) 10-20 Hz
- (d) 30-60 Hz

Q27

[2]

An AM signal is detected using an envelope detector. The carrier frequency and modulation signal frequency are 2 MHz and 2 KHz respectively. An appropriate value for the time constant of the envelope detector is

- (a) 500 μsec
- (b) 0.6 msec
- (c) 0.6 μsec
- (d) 0.2 μsec

Q28

[2]

The speed of a 125 hp, 600 V, 1800 rpm, separately excited d.c. motor is controlled by a three-phase fully controlled full- converter (6-pulse converter). The converter is operating from a 3 – phase 480, 60 Hz supply. The rated armature current of the motor is 165 A. The motor parameters are as follows:

$R_a = 0.0874\Omega$ $L_a = 6.5 \text{ mH}$, $K_e \Phi = 0.33 \text{ V/rpm}$

The firing angle to obtain the rated speed of 1800 rpm at rated motor current is _____

Special Questions:

[If a participant solves **all four** of the special questions given at the end of the paper correctly, they will be awarded 5 extra marks]

Q1 [1]
Two bulbs of 40W and 60W are connected in series with an AC power supply of 100V. Which bulb will glow brighter?

Ans _____

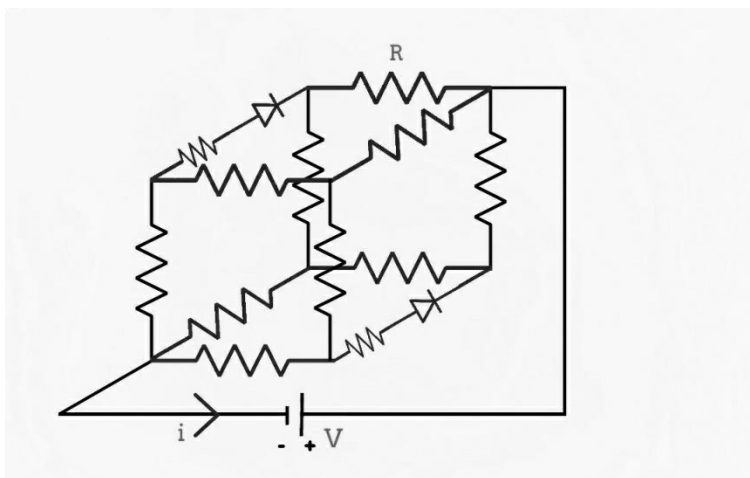
Q2 [1]
Two bulbs of 40W and 60W are connected in parallel with an AC power supply of 100V. Which bulb will glow brighter?

Ans _____

Q3 [1]
A lucknow number is a positive integer such that it is equal to the sum and the product of all its digits. Find the sum of all lucknow numbers

Ans _____

Q4 [1]
Find the value of i :
All the resistors have resistance R
Battery has negligible internal resistance and potential difference V across its terminals.



Ans _____

